

St. Margaret's National School, St. Margaret's, Co. Dublin. Telephone:01-8361669 Roll No. 18038B

<u>School Self-Evaluation Report & School</u> <u>Improvement Plan – Community.</u>

Evaluation period: September 2012 – June 2013

Report issue date: June 2013.

<u>School Self-Evaluation Report and School Improvement Plan – Community:</u>

Introduction:

A school self-evaluation of teaching and learning in St. Margaret's National School was undertaken in the areas of literacy and numeracy during the period September 2012 to June 2013.

This is a report on the findings of the evaluation.

School context:

St. Margaret's National School is a vertical, co-educational primary school under the patronage of the Archbishop of Dublin. It is projected that for the school year 2013-2014 there will be 90 children enrolled. There are four mainstream class teachers, a full time learning support teacher shared with Mother of Divine Grace in Finglas and a full time resource teacher on a local cluster arrangement. St. Margaret's National School first opened in 1956. A new extension was added in 2008. Although the school strives to continuously update and improve we are committed to maintaining a strong community ethos and promoting the strong history of the school.

Summary of School Self Evaluation Findings:

Our school has strengths in the following areas with regard to Literacy:

- Reading Initiatives to encourage reading Paired reading, DEAR, Readathon, shared reading and visits to Library.
- New English Curriculum Plan in place
- Commercial products used with reference to Curriculum Objectives
- Good Resources available
- · Variety of Assessment tools used
- Print rich environment lots of sight vocabulary
- Pupils have strong oral language skills and there is a strong focus on formative assessment of oral language, reading and writing.
- Good spiral phonics in junior classes
- Good variety of reading texts used
- Children engage in Listening comprehension activities
- Good variety of reading material available in Junior Classes
- Diagnostic and standardised tests administered
- The process of writing is fostered and children write for real purposes
- Draft, edit, redrafting are at the heart of the writing process
- · A variety of writing genres are taught
- Children are given opportunities to write and display poetry
- There is an agreed source of varied content for spellings and a variety of methods
 used
- Results of assessments are used to inform teacher planning, for screening purposes, for the diagnosis of learning difficulties and to identify aspects of literacy in need of improvement.

The following Areas are prioritized for improvement with regard to Literacy:

Oral Language Skills

There is a need for development of a variety of modes of assessment of learning and for learning to be consistently used in all classes to monitor pupil progress. The ACE screening test should be purchased and utilised in the screening of pupils presenting with oral language difficulties or developmental delay. Pupils should be involved in assessing their own work.

Reading

- 1. Develop the pupils appreciation, reading fluency and pleasure through the use of a wider diversity of reading material.
 - a. Continue and expand shared reading and DEAR
 - b. Increased variety and genres of reading materials for middle & senior classes
 - c. Paired reading programme for the Junior end of the school.
- 2. Develop a range of reading comprehension strategies.
 - a. Teachers will explicitly teach and model comprehension strategies as part of Literacy.
- 3. Support exceptionally able students through differentiation, accelerated reading, guizzes, ICT and independent research projects
- 4. Increased use of ICT in literacy lessons.

Writing

- a. Develop a whole school approach to handwriting.
- b. Emphasis will be placed on the development of creative writing and the use of ICT in this area also.
- Assessment:
- a. A variety of modes of assessment (of and for learning) are to be used consistently in all classes to monitor pupil progress.
- b. Pupils should be involved in assessing their own work.

Examine ways we can support Parents in terms of phonics, handwriting, oral language development, reading and the development of comprehension. Include a list of recommended books for pupils to read.

Our school has strengths in the following areas with regard to Numeracy:

- Mental Maths is encouraged and given a specific time slot.
- There is equal emphasis on all strands though some require more time than others.
- Teachers' planning is based on the Maths curriculum and the school Maths plan.
- Supplementary materials are used.
- Opportunities are provided for data collection, analysis and interpretation in subject areas such as geography and science.
- There are agreed strategies for teaching various Maths topics.
- There is an agreed approach to numeral formation and presentation of written work.
- Results of assessments are used to inform teacher planning, for screening purposes, for diagnosis of learning difficulties and to identify aspects of numeracy in need of reteaching.
- Assessment results are analyzed at class and school level.
- Standardised testing is carried out in all classes Infants to Sixth.
- Developing pupils' proficiency in Numeracy is a focus across the whole curriculum.

The following Areas are prioritized for improvement with regard to Numeracy:

- Strategies to support pupils problem solving need to be agreed at whole school level.
- o There is a need for development of a whole school policy on Maths language.
- o There is a need for development of a central bank for Maths resources.
- o Maths resources should be developed and expanded on.
- o Increasing opportunities for pupils to engage with Maths
 - o Increase the use of Maths in the school environment.
 - o Creation of Maths trails within and outside the school building.
 - o Increased use of Maths games

- Talk & Discussion and opportunities for pupils to explain answers for part of Maths lessons.
- o Increased use of ICT in Maths and numeracy lessons.
- Examine how we can support parents with regard to the content, methodologies and language of Maths – especially topics of subtraction, long division and fractions.
- o Examine strategies to provide challenges for more able students in Maths.

Appendix to School Self-Evaluation Report: legislative and regulatory checklist

Issue	Relevant legislation, rule or circular	Is the school fully meeting the requirements of the relevant legislation, rule or circular?	If no, indicate aspects to be developed
Time in school - Length of school year - minimum of 183 days - Length of school day 4 hours 40 minutes (infants); 5 hour 40 minutes (1st-6th classes)	Circular 11/95		
Arrangements for parent/ teacher and staff meetings	Circular 14/04	⊠ Yes □ No	
Implementation of Croke Park agreement regarding additional time requirement	Circular 0008/2011	⊠ Yes □ No	
Standardisation of school year	Circular 034/2011	⊠ Yes ☐ No	
Valid enrolment of pupils	Section 9(1), 15(2) and 23 Education Act 1998 Sections 20 and 21, Education (Welfare) Act 2000 Rules 55, 64, 108 and 123, Rules for National Schools Circular P24/02 Staffing Schedule for current school year	⊠ Yes □ No	
Retention of pupils	Rule 64 Rules for National Schools Circular 11/01 Circular 32/03	⊠ Yes □ No	
Development of school plan	Section 21, Education Act 1998	⊠ Yes □ No	
Appointments to posts of responsibility	Circular 07/03 Circular 053/2011	⊠ Yes □ No	
Time for literacy and numeracy - assessing and reporting literacy and numeracy achievement	Circular 0056/11 Initial Steps in the Implementation of the National Literacy and Numeracy Strategy	⊠ Yes □ No	

Issue	Relevant legislation, rule or circular		Is the school fully meeting the requirements of the relevant legislation, rule or circular?	If no, indicate aspects to be developed
Exemption from Irish	Circular 12/96		⊠ Yes □ No	
Implementation of child protection procedures	Circular 0065/2011 Please ensure the following in relation to child protection		⊠ Yes □ No	
	Number of cases where a report involving a child in the school was submitted by the DLP to the HSE	0_		
	Number of cases where a report involving a child in the school was submitted by the DLP to the HSE and the school board of management informed	0_		
	Number of cases where the DLP sought advice from the HSE and as a result of this advice, no report was made	_0		
	Number of cases where the DLP sought advice from the HSE and as a result of this advice, no report was made and the school board of management informed	_0		
Implementation of complaints procedure as appropriate	Complaints Procedures, Section 28 Education Act Primary Boards of Management Information Manual November 2007		⊠ Yes □ No	
	Please consider the following in relation complaints			
	Number of formal parental complaints received	0		
	Number of formal complaints processed	0		
	Number of formal complaints not fully processed by the end of this school year			
Refusal to enrol	Section 29 Education Act 1998		N/A	
	Please provide the following information in relation to appeals taken			

Issue	Relevant legislation, rule or circular		Is the school fully meeting the requirements of the relevant legislation, rule or circular?	If no, indicate aspects to be developed	
	in accordance with Section 29 against the school during this school year				
	Number of section 29 cases taken against the school	0			
	Number of cases	0			
	processed at informal stage	0			
	Number of cases heard	0			
	Number of appeals upheld	0□			
	Number of appeals dismissed				
Suspension of students	Section 29 Education Act 19	998			
	Please provide the following information in relation to appeals taken in accordance with Section 29 against the school during this school year				
	Number of section 29 cases taken against the school	0			
	Number of cases processed at informal stage	0			
	Number of cases heard	0			
	Number of appeals upheld	0			
	Number of appeals dismissed	0			
Expulsion of students	Section 29 Education Act 1998				
	Please provide the following information in relation to appeals taken in accordance with Section 29 against the school during this school				

Issue	Relevant legislation, rule or circular		Is the school fully meeting the requirements of the relevant legislation, rule or circular?	If no, indicate aspects to be developed	
	year				
	Number of section 29 cases taken against the school	0			
	Number of cases processed at informal	0			
	stage	0			
	Number of cases heard	0			
	Number of appeals upheld Number of appeals dismissed	0			

Policy	Source	Has policy been approved by the board of management?	If no, indicate aspects to be developed.
Enrolment policy	Section (15)(2)(d) Education Act 1998	⊠ Yes □ No	
Code of behaviour ¹ including anti-bullying policy	Circular 20/90 DES Guidelines on Countering Bullying Behaviour 1993 NEWB Guidelines Section 23, Education Welfare Act 2000	⊠ Yes □ No	
Attendance and participation strategy ²	Section 22 Education Welfare Act 2000 Equal Status Acts 2000-2011	⊠ Yes □ No	
Health and safety	Section 20 Health and Safety Act 2005	Yes □ No	

¹ Under the provisions of the Education (Welfare) Act (2000) (section 23) the school's code of behaviour should conform to the specifications stated.
² Under the provisions of the Education (Welfare) Act (2000) (section 22), the school's attendance strategy should conform with the provisions stipulated.

statement			
Data protection	Data Protection Act 1988 Data Protection (Amendment Act) 2003	⊠ Yes □ No	
Special education needs policy ³	Education Act 1998 Equal Status Acts 2000- 2011 Education (Welfare) Act 2000 Education for Persons with Special Education Needs Act (EPSEN) ⁴ 2004 Disability Act 2005	⊠ Yes □ No	
Relationships and sexuality education (RSE) policy	Relationships and Sexuality Education: Policy Guidelines (1997)	⊠ Yes □ No	
Child protection policy	Circular 0065/2011	⊠ Yes □ No	
Parents as partners	Circular 24/91	⊠ Yes □ No	
Public service (Croke Park) agreement – special needs assistants	Circular 71/11	⊠ Yes □ No	
Other			

 ³ Section 9 of the Education Act (1998) requires a school to "use its available resources" to identify and provide for the educational needs of those "with a disability or other special educational needs."
 ⁴ The EPSEN Act requires that schools be inclusive of and provide an appropriate education for pupils with special educational needs.